INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION

INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL

(See IHO-IOC Publication B-6 and NOTE overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed:		ge Canyon (rev tion and feature		or Sea:	Berin	g Sea			
					_ /				
Geometry that best	defines the fea	ature (Yes/No) :							
Point	Line	Polygon			ies*	Multiple polygons*	Combination of geometries*		
Yes	Yes	No	No	No	<u>-</u>	No	Yes		
	!	quished when p	oviding the coordin	ates below.	4		- ـ		
	·	· :							
		· ¦	Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6'N) Point (714 m) 56° 04.9'N			ong. (e.g. 04			
			0111 (71411) 50 04	.911	Point (714 m) 170° 23.4'W				
		Line	Line Start (128 m) 56° 07.9'N Line Start (128 m) 170° 16.0'W						
Coordinates:			Mid1 (714 m) 56°		Line Mid1 (714 m) 170° 23.4'W				
			Mid2 (3351 m) 55°		Line Mid2 (3351 m) 170° 58.9'W				
			End (3352 m) 55°		Line End (3352 m) 171° 14.0'W				
		'		4					
	Movimu	m Depth:	pth: 3352 m Steepness : 2.6°						
Feature		n Dopth :	128 m						
FeatureMinimum DeDescription:Total Relief									
Description.			• • •				000 m wide		
	!								
-,									
Associated Featu	res:	Bering o	Bering canyons, Pribilof Island area canyons						
		Shown N	lamed on Map/Chai	t:					
Chart/Map References:			Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:			US Nav. Chart 16011 (mostly			
						obscured by caution notes)			
		Within Ar	Within Area of Map/Chart:						
Reason for Choice			Our proposed canyon is not recognized by GEBCO or ACUF.						
person, state how as			ACUF recognizes a different St. George Canyon but it leads to St. Paul						
feature to be named) :		Island. ACUF's St. George Canyon is about 81000 m to the NW of our						
		propose	¹ proposed canyon, which shows a direct connection to the nearby St.						
		George	George Island.						
				 					
		Dismuer	v Date:			201	8		
Discovery Facts:			Discovery Date: Discoverer (Individual, Ship):			2018			
		Discover	ci (ii laividuai, oi lip)	·i	2010				
			Date of Survey:			various			
Supporting Survey Data, including Track Controls:			Survey Ship:			various			
			Sounding Equipement:			various			
			Type of Navigation:			various			
			Estimated Horizontal Accuracy, in			100 m horizontal resolution			
			niles (M):	! *	bathymetry surface				
		i Survey T	Survey Track Spacing:			various			

,	Supporting material can be submitted as Annex in analog or digital form. Please see Zimmermann and Prescott (2018)				
r	Name(s): Date: E-mail:	Mark Zimmmermann & Megan Prescott July 2018 mark.zimmermann@noaa.gov			
Proposer(s):	Organization and Address:	National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA, Alaska Fisheries Science Center, 7600 Sand Point Way NE, Bldg. 4, Seattle, WA 98115-6349 USA			
i I I I	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization and address):				
Remarks:	Zimmermann and Prescott (2018): shown in Fig. 7 (please see below). Harris et al. (2014): recognized as part of shelf incising canyon C8805. Harris and Whiteway (2011): recognized as unnamed canyon having two thalwegs. Our proposed name location is near tip of their southern thalweg.				

NOTE: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea:
 to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see Publication B-6) or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the IHO or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea:

- to the IHO or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Organization (IHO)	Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)			
4b, Quai Antoine 1er	UNESCO			
B.P. 445	Place de Fontenoy			
MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX	75700 PARIS			
Principality of MONACO	France			
Fax: +377 93 10 81 40	Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12			
E-mail: <u>info@iho.int</u>	E-mail: info@unesco.org			
Web: <u>www.iho.int</u>	Web: http://ioc-unesco.org/			

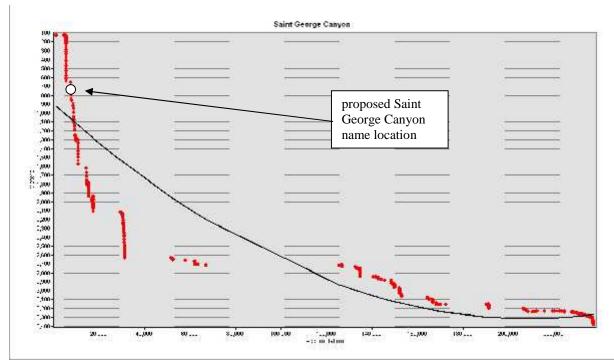


Figure 1. Plot of depth and accumulation of raster cells along main thalweg path, with fitted curve.

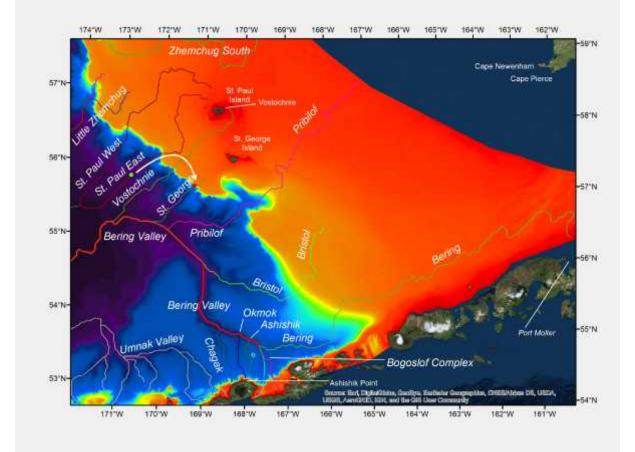


Figure 2. Modified version of Fig 7. (Zimmermann &Prescott, 2018) "Thalwegs of the Bering Canyon area of the eastern Bering Sea slope" showing proposed shift of St. George Canyon place name. ACUF (but not GEBCO) recognizes a different St. George Canyon – our St. Paul East – far to the NW of this feature.