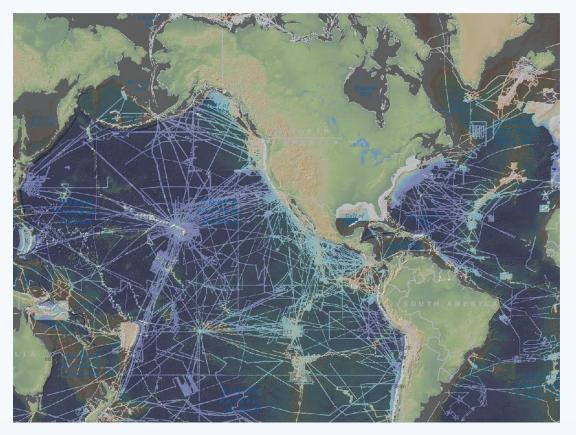
IHO Crowdsourced Bathymetry Working Group Presentation Template

Bathymetry is a factor in almost every activity that places in, on, or under the sea.

- Despite the multitude of data that have been collected over the last 100 years, < 15% of the world's ocean depths have been measured.
- Progress in mapping coastal waters is only marginally better. The IHO indicates that about 50% of the world's coastal waters shallower than 200 metres remain unsurveyed.
- The rest of the data used to compile seafloor maps are estimated depths.



Global Multi-Resolution Topography (GMRT) Synthesis, doi:10.1029/2008GC002332

IHO Crowdsourced Bathymetry Project

Looking to the crowd is one way to help fill in the gaps in our understanding of ocean bathymetry

The IHO has often encouraged innovative ways to gather data and data maximizing initiatives so that we can better understand the bathymetry of the seas, oceans and coastal waters.

In 2014, the IHO initiated a collaborative project to enable mariners and professionally manned vessels to collect "crowdsourced bathymetry" (CSB)

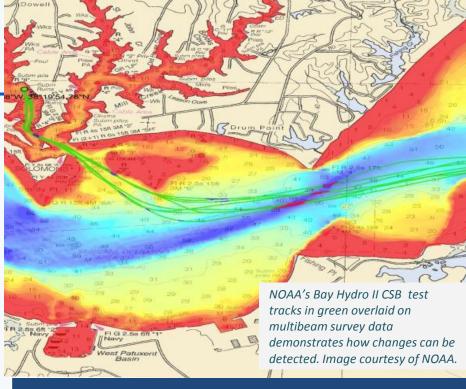


CSB can be defined as depth measurements collected from vessels - mostly using their standard navigation instruments - that are engaged in their normal operations of sailing from one place to another.

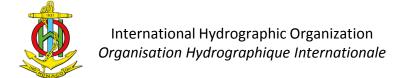
The Role of CSB Data

CSB is a powerful source of information to supplement the more rigorous and scientific bathymetric coverage done by hydrographic offices, industry, and researchers around the world.

- Identify uncharted features
- Assist in verifying charted information
- Confirm whether charts are appropriate for the latest traffic patterns.
- Fill gaps where data is scarce (eg: Arctic, open ocean)
- Useful along shallow, complex coastlines that are difficult for traditional survey vessels to access (areas that may be more frequently visited by recreational boaters)



"If we got 1% of all seagoing vessels logging data, and on average they spent half their time at sea, then that's about <u>5</u> billion data points a day."



IHO Crowdsourced Bathymetry Project

1. Establish the IHO Crowdsourced Bathymetry Working Group

1. Enhance the IHO's Data Centre for Digital Bathymetry to accept, archive, and make available to the public CSB data.



IHO CSB Working Group

In 2014, the IHO, at its Fifth Extraordinary International Hydrographic Conference (EIHC5), tasked the Inter-Regional Coordination Committee (IRCC) to establish a working group to prepare a new IHO publication on policy for CSB.

- Representatives from 12 Member States
 Canada, Italy, Nigeria, Norway, Philippines, Denmark,
 Finland, France, Germany, India, Portugal, and USA
- Observers and expert contributors from TeamSurv, Olex, Sea-ID, GMATEK, Inc./World Maritime University, and SevenC's
- Former IHO Secretary General Robert Ward, IHO Secretary General Mathias Jonas and Assistant Director David Wyatt



CSBWG2: 10-11 Jan 2016 - Boulder, CO



IHO CSB Working Group

The working group has since developed *B-12 IHO Guidance on Crowdsourced Bathymetry* to state the IHO's policy towards, and provide best practices for collecting, crowdsourced bathymetry.

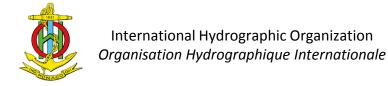
This document provides guidance on the collection and assessment of CSB data for inclusion in the global bathymetric data set which is maintained in the IHO Data Centre for Digital Bathymetry (DCDB).



Guidance on Crowdsourced Bathymetry

To access the document:

https://www.iho.int/srv1/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=635&Itemid=988&lang=en



IHO DCDB Enhancements & Pilot Project

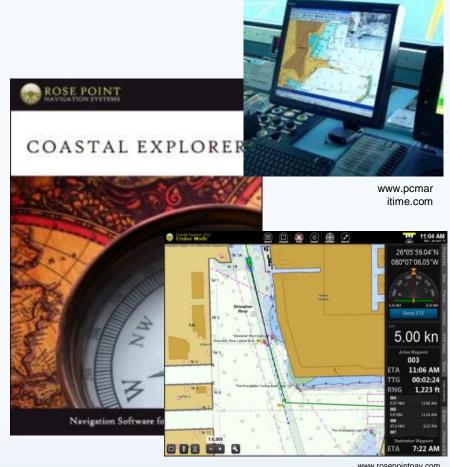
For the last several years, the IHO Data Centre for Digital Bathymetry (DCDB) has worked on enhancing its infrastructure to allow the public to upload, discover, display and download CSB data via a webbased interface.

https://maps.ngdc.noaa.gov/viewers/iho_dcdb/



IHO DCDB Enhancements & Pilot Project

- IHO DCDB and NOAA teamed up with Rose Point **Navigation Systems**
- Mariners given an option to enable CSB logging, allowing a modified ECS log file to record position, depth and time.
- Mariners can choose to be anonymous or to submit metadata about vessel and equipment
- The ECS software transmits the data via HTTPS. post when the mariner updates the software or chart catalog





IHO DCDB Enhancements & Pilot Project

Data delivered as a collection of files.

International Hydrographic Organization

Considered to the control of the control of

CSB data log file (with JSON metadata string)

```
47.666518,-122.098525,11.98,20161017T234739Z
47.666517, -122.098527, 14.63, 20161017T234839Z
47.666515, -122.098527, 17.16, 20161017T234935Z
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47.666490, -122.098562, 10.06, 20161018T000638Z
47.666490, -122.098560, 12.65, 20161018T000738Z
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47 666375 133 000100 30 70 30161010T0010477
```



Data discovery and access via our map viewer.

Data and identifying token are submitted to DCDB via HTTP post

Frequent update of viewer



IHO DCDB CSB Data Holdings

- 117 million soundings
- 110 contributing vessels
- 3435 data deliveries



https://maps.ngdc.noaa.gov/viewers/iho_dcdb/